

## IFIEC Energy Forum 2014 "European Industrial Renaissance requires Competitive Energy"

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#### EU Climate and Energy package 2020 to 2030





## 1. Framework for Energy and Climate from 2020 to 2030: EC proposals

- Binding <u>CO<sub>2</sub>-reduction target until 2030: 40 %</u> (compared to 1990)
  - $\rightarrow$  43 % in ETS-sectors (compared to 2005)
  - $\rightarrow$  30 % in non-ETS-sectors (compared to 2005)
- Binding <u>27 % renewable energy target</u> in primary energy consumption by 2030
  - $\rightarrow$  no binding national targets
  - → At least 45 % renewables in electricity consumption
  - $\rightarrow$  Revision of renewable energy directive expected
- <u>Energy Efficiency target</u> for 2030: EC proposal expected in autumn 2014

### - 43 % CO<sub>2</sub> reduction target for ETS sectors: Impact on ETS cap

Entwicklung des CO<sub>2</sub>-Cap abhängig vom linearen Reduktionsfaktor (LRF)





*√*ifiec europe

### - 43 % CO<sub>2</sub> reduction target for ETS sectors: Impact on ETS cap (II)



Source: VIK graphic, EC numbers

### **2. European Industrial Renaissance**

"A strong dynamic industrial base is indispensable for a strong European economy"

M Barroso, 2013, State of the Union Adress

Aim: Increase industry contribution to GDP to 20% by 2020

- 1. Increase of productivity, resource and energy efficiency necessary
- 2. Completion of internal market (for energy by 2014)
- 3. Mainstreaming industry-related competitiveness concerns across all policy areas
- 4. Energy must be available at competitive prices



# 3. IFIEC request: Streamline 2030 strategy towards growth and jobs

Strong support from companies all over EU

# MANIFESTO

EUROPE'S MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY CEOS CALL UPON HEADS OF STATE TO STREAMLINE 2030 STRATEGY TOWARDS GROWTH ANDJOBS



# 3. IFIEC request: Streamline 2030 strategy towards growth and jobs (II)

## MANIFESTO

EUROPE'S MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY CEOS CALL UPON HEADS OF STATE TO STREAMLINE 2030 STRATEGY TOWARDS GROWTH ANDJOBS



 Climate objectives must be set in a way to keep a high performing industry in Europe

 Enabling the EU manufacturing industry to grow will reduce global GHG emissions

 The precondition: An EU Climate Change Policy without Carbon Leakage

# **3. IFIEC request: An EU Climate Change Policy** without Carbon Leakage

#### **Carbon Leakage – today**

- The problem: investment leakage (the longer term perspective)
- Only little production carbon leakage because sufficient protection at low carbon prices (the short term perspective)

#### **Carbon Leakage – in future**

- The problem: investment and production carbon leakage if no globally aligned binding action and burden after 2020 because
  - EU reduction target leads to extreme shortage of allowances: without breakthrough technologies not enough allowances to continue industrial activity in the EU
  - High carbon prices in the medium- (in case of market intervention) or long-term

The existing approaches to avoid carbon leakage will not work under these circumstances



### **3. IFIEC request: New approach to Carbon** Leakage needed - "just go on"not an option

#### Medium term strategy

- **A** "dynamic ETS":
  - Realistic benchmark (technologically feasible)
  - No reduction factors
  - Allocation based on actual production
  - A new (industry) reserve to balance the difference between forecasted and actual production
  - Complete and stable compensation of indirect costs (indirect allocation)





### **3. IFIEC request: New concepts necessary after** 2020 if no globally comparable effort achieved

#### Long term strategy

 High EU reduction targets as planned <u>only</u> with globally aligned binding action/burden

### **Request to EU politicians:**

- Make a clear commitment for a climate policy strategy review after 2020
  - No unconditional target setting



### Thank you

